



Industrialization of Healthcare Services



Image retrieval for the improvement of the radiology workflow in diagnosing pulmonary pathologies

Objective

Problem: the diagnosis of interstitial pneumonias is complicated and time consuming for radiologists

Goal: increase productivity and diagnostic performance of radiologists when reading computed tomography (CT) scans with possible IPs

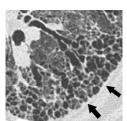
Methods

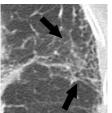
Measuring the increase of productivity and performance:

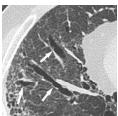
Radiologists reading 100 chest CTs with IPs or differential diagnoses thereof will be assessed with and without the image retrieval tool based on components from contextflow.

Measured parameters:

- Diagnostic accuracy is the most probable diagnosis correct?
- Diagnostic completeness are the differential diagnoses correct?
- Diagnostic confidence what is the radiologist's subjective confidence of the finalized report?
- Diagnostic time time from start until completion of a CT scan







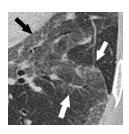
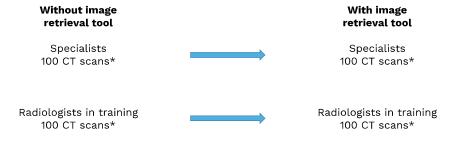


Figure 1: Different CT patterns of interstitial pneumonias



*In total, 100 different CT scans of which every scan will be read four times



Figure 2. Tool for the provision of contextual imaging and non-imaging data, including similar cases, heatmaps of the distribution of pathological lung alterations and informational sources.

Left column: marking of a region of interest (ROI)

Middle column: matching cases, statistics and distribution of a visual pattern

Right column: case relevant information and references



